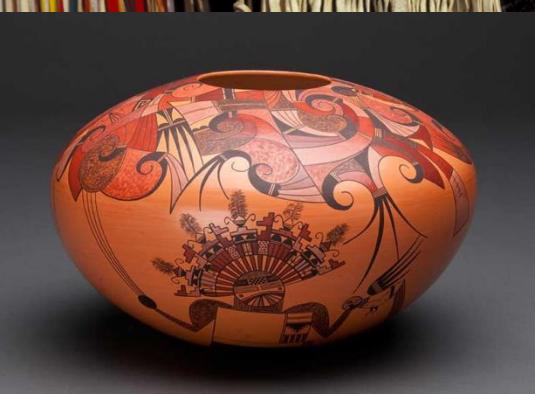


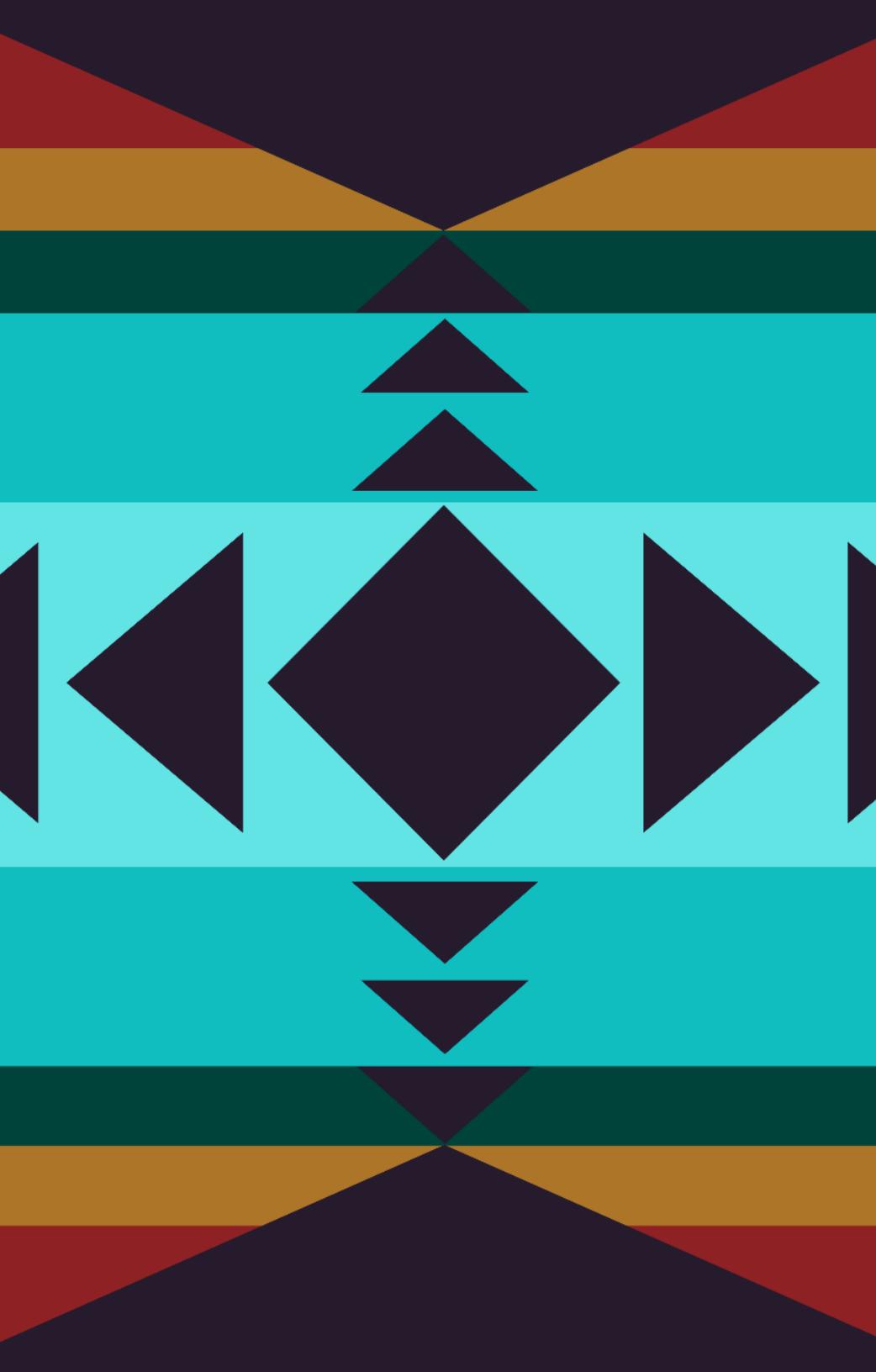


Native American Heritage Month

Native American Heritage Month

After 100 years of attempts to recognize the contributions of Native Americans, on August 3, 1990, President George Bush declared November as Native American History Month and during this month we pay tribute to the many cultures and traditions of the indigenous people of North America.





Southern California and Orange County

Several Native American tribes thrived in Southern California before the Spanish colonization began in the late 1700s. In Orange County:

- **Gabrielenos (Tongva)**
- **Juanenos (Achjacheman)**

Agricultural & Culinary Contributions

- Deep respect for the land they lived on.
- Very resourceful and cultivated only what they can use to preserve their land.
- Developed corn, popcorn, beans, jerky, chocolate, vanilla, avocados, tomatoes, maple syrup, tobacco, and cotton.
- Indian Fry bread is a fried light fluffy dough topped with a combination of various meats and vegetables, or for a sweet treat it can be topped with powdered sugar or honey.



On November 4, 2020, a record breaking six Native Americans were elected to U.S. Congress.

Sharice Davids, Yvette Herrell, Deb Haaland, Tom Cole, and Markwayne Mullin



Local Tribal Council Leaders for the Juaneno Band of Mission Indians



Teresa M Romero
Chairwoman Juaneno Band of
Mission Indians –
Achjacheman Nation



Charles Alvarez, Tribal
Chairman Gabrieleno-
Tongva Tribe

Local Native American Exhibits

Bowers Museum

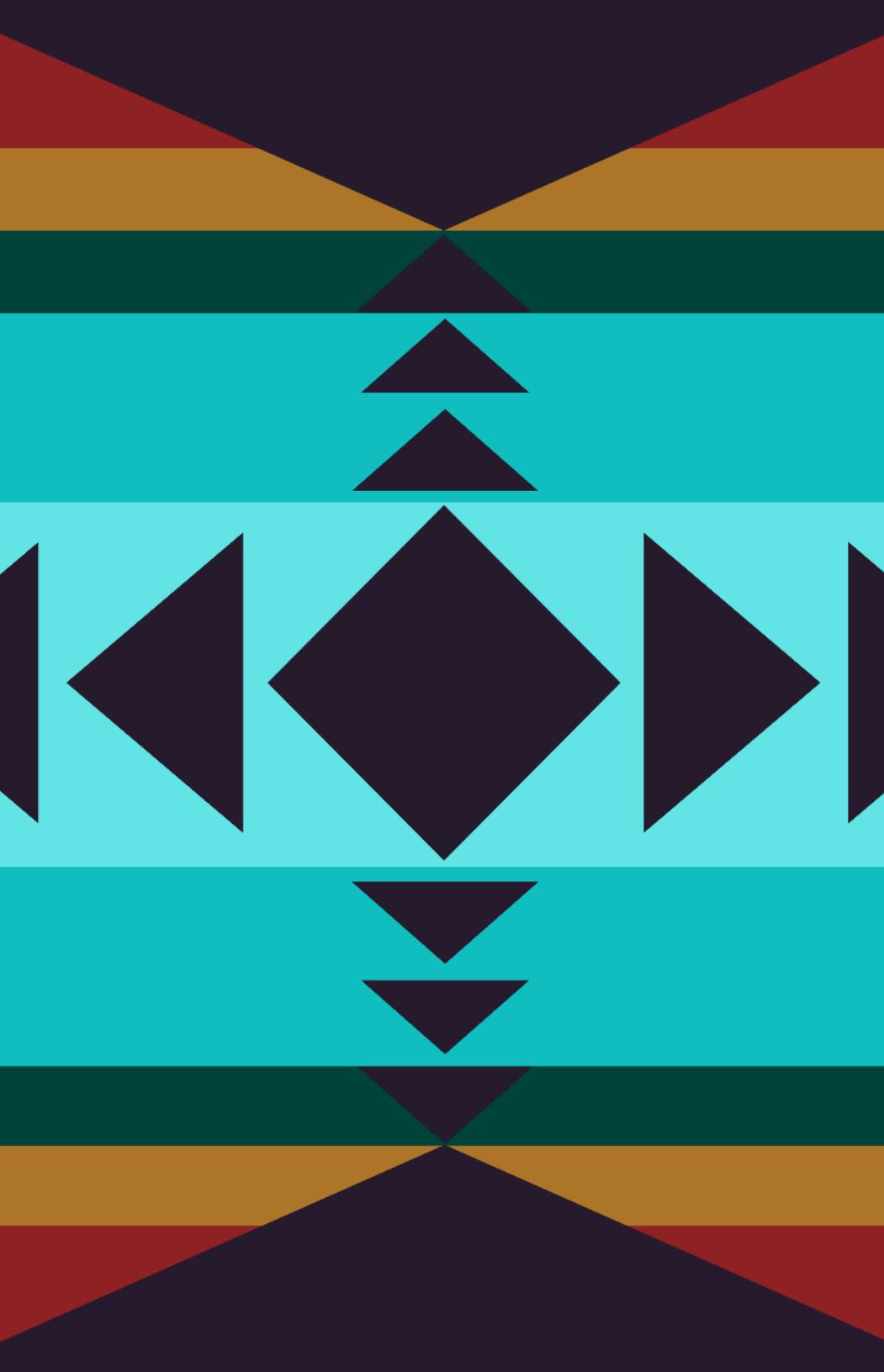
- **First Californians**
- **California Legacies: Missions and Ranchos**



Heritage Museum – 11/19

- **Significant Figures of Native American History**

HERITAGE MUSEUM
---OF ORANGE COUNTY---



FUN FACTS

- **“Shinny”** – A game played with a small buckskin ball hit with a curved stick played on ice during the winter months is what we now call Hockey.
- In World Wars I and II, the United States was provided a huge advantage by working with Native American servicemen who would speak in their languages, passing important information behind enemy lines. They were known as “Code Talkers.”
- During WWII, over 8,000 Native Americans served even though they were not considered citizens at that time.
- Many words that we use regularly today originated from the Native American languages. Some words are: Barbecue, Hurricane, Pajamas, Bayou, Arizona, Kentucky, Missouri.
- Many Native American women were sharpshooters and able horsewomen.